

Mpumalanga: 2021 Q3

Facility Hours and Waiting Times

Often public healthcare users experience long waiting times — spending hours at each visit to the clinic. This simply does not work well for most people, particularly working people and those in school. Having people living with HIV spend an extended time at a clinic, simply to collect ART refills, increases the risk of that person disengaging from care.

Time Patients Spend at the Facility?	Patient Responses: 69	Facility Results	
· ····································		Thembalethu CHC Siphosesimbi CHC	4:38 5:16
Amount of time spent:	F.40	Beatty Clinic	5:25
Amount of time spent.	5:12	Empumelelweni CHC	5:26
Comparison Results			
National Average:	4:12		
Province Average:	4:38		
Best District Result:	1:52		
Worst District Result:	7:32		
Earliest Patient Arrival Time	Patient Responses: 70	Facility Results	
Earnest Patient Arrival Time		Thembalethu CHC	6:01
		Empumelelweni CHC	5:13
Earliest arrival time	5:03	Beatty Clinic	4:33
	5.03	Siphosesimbi CHC	4:21
Comparison Results			
National Average:	5:51		
Province Average:	5:30		
Best District Result:	7:07		
2001 2101101 1100111			

How Safe is the Facility to Wait Before it Opens?





District Score	9 *
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Comparison Results

National Average: 2.18 2.96 Province Average: Best District Result: 4.77 Worst District Result: 1.81

* Scores based on average of all survey responses with a maximum score of 5 and a minimum score of 1. HIGHER scores

Facility Results

2.90

Patient Responses: 70

Siphosesimbi CHC	4.00
Empumelelweni CHC	3.00
Thembalethu CHC	3.00
Beatty Clinic	2.71

Are the Queues at the Facility Long?



lietrict	Score*	97	0/
ISTRICT	ocore	91	7

Comparison Results

National Average:	68%
Province Average:	65%
Best District Result:	13%
Worst District Result:	97%

* Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **LOWER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Siphosesimbi CHC	93%
Thembalethu CHC	94%
Empumelelweni CHC	100%
Reatty Clinic	100%



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Facility Staff

Human resource shortages are a major issue in South Africa. Ensuring access to quality healthcare services and ensuring everyone living with HIV and TB gets access to treatment and care depends largely on having enough qualified and committed staff. However, often there are not enough open positions to employ the health workers we need. These shortages lead to long waiting times, longer hospital stays, higher numbers of deaths, and increased pressure on the few staff in place.

Are there Enough Staff at the Facility?



Patient Responses: 69

Facility Results





District Score* 1.01 **Comparison Results**

National Average: 1 10 Province Average: 1.10 Best District Result: 1.89 Worst District Result: 0.26

* Scores based on average point value of each response with a maximum score of 2 and a minimum score of 0. **HIGHER scores** are better.

Empumelelweni CHC	1.05
Siphosesimbi CHC	1.00
Thembalethu CHC	1.00
Beatty Clinic	1.00

Are Staff Friendly and Professional?





District Score*	1.16

Comparison Results

National Average:	1.46
Province Average:	1.46
Best District Result:	1.98
Worst District Result:	0.94

Scores based on average point value of each response with a maximum score of 2 and a minimum score of 0. HIGHER scores

Facility Results

Beatty Clinic	1.44
Thembalethu CHC	1.25
Empumelelweni CHC	1.10
Siphosesimbi CHC	0.80

Facility Responses:2

Which Cadres are Understaffed?



Cleaner



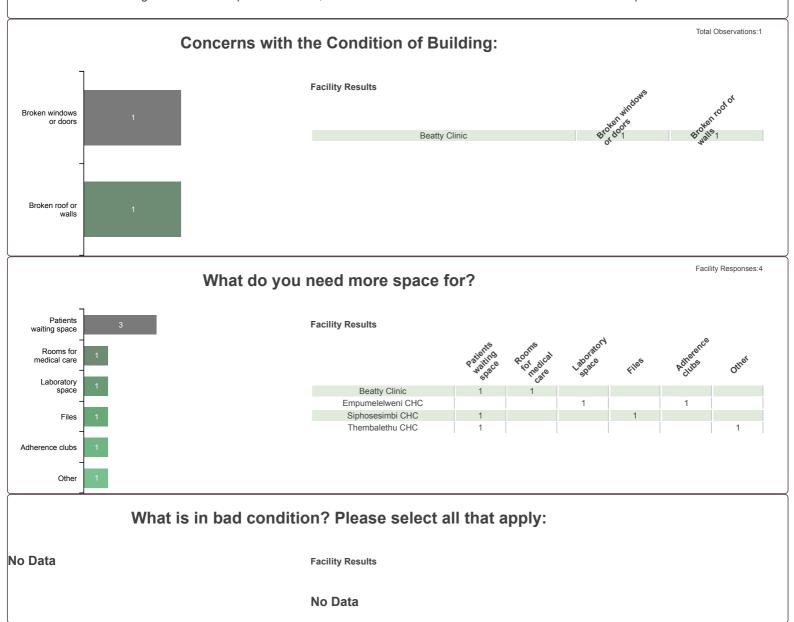




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Clinic Conditions

In some cases, clinics monitored through Ritshidze are found to be in a bad condition, with buildings that are dirty or in disrepair, and toilets that are either dysfunctional, unclean or without soap or toilet paper. At other times clinics are too small to meet the needs of patients and more space is required for people to wait, or to provide medical care, or for filing systems or storage. It is important that clinics have enough space and are maintained in a good condition to provide a clean, safe and effective environment to meet the needs of both patients and staff.





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Access to Medicines and Shortages/Stockouts

Stockouts and shortages of ARVs, TB medicines, contraceptives and other medicines cause disruption, confusion, cost, and can detrimentally affect treatment adherence. Where stockouts and shortages are revealed through monitoring — especially where people are sent home empty handed — these need to be urgently addressed.

Any Patients left without the Medicine due to Shortage



28%

Patient Responses: 69

Pootty Clinia

Facility Results



Comparison Results

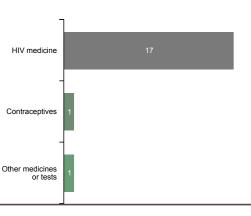
National Average: 41% Province Average: 13% Best District Result: 0% Worst District Result: 59%

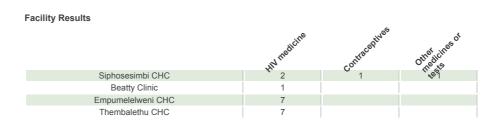
* Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). LOWER scores are better.

Deatty Cillic	0 /0
Siphosesimbi CHC	29%
Empumelelweni CHC	35%
Thembalethu CHC	47%



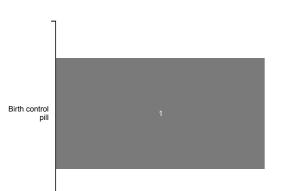


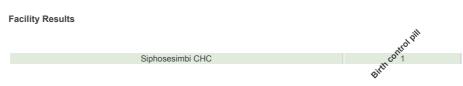




Contraception shortage(s)

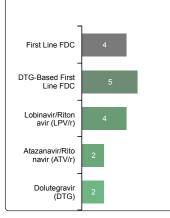
Patient Responses: 1

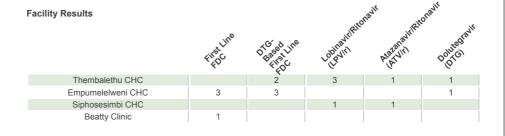




HIV medication shortage(s)

Patient Responses: 17



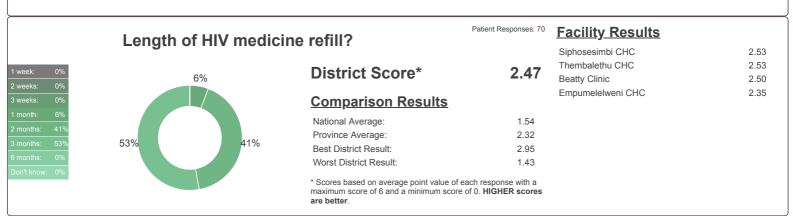




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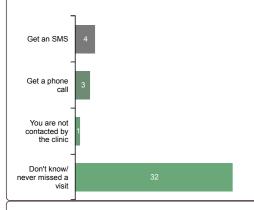
ARV Collection and Access

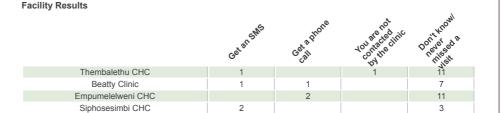
Currently many people in South Africa who could benefit from HIV treatment are not, with many people who are living with HIV not on treatment – either never having known their HIV status, or having started on treatment then disengaged from care. To ensure we get more people to start and importantly stay on treatment, it is critical to ensure that ARV collection is as quick and easy as possible. As such efforts should be made to support PLHIV with suppressed viral loads to receive extended ARV refills and be enrolled in a repeat prescription strategy (including external/internal pick up points or adherence clubs).



When Patients Miss a Visit to Collect ARVs:

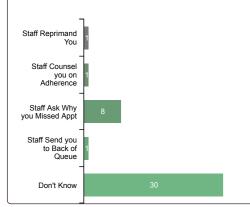
Patient Responses: 40

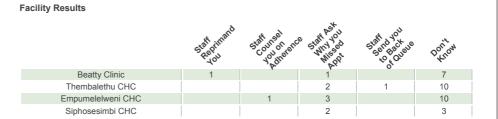




When a patient misses a visit, what happens the next time the patients comes to collect ARVs?

Patient Responses: 40







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Adherence Clubs

Adherence clubs should simplify and adapt HIV services to both serve the needs of people living with HIV better and reduce unnecessary burdens on the health system. Adherence clubs provide space to get much-needed treatment literacy information and support PLHIV to remain adherent to treatment. Yet currently many adherence clubs have been suspended due to the COVID-19 pandemic. This suspension means our sample size for adherence club member responses is at times very low.

If Not in an Adherence Club Already, Are you Aware of Them at this Facility?



5%

Patient Responses: 68

Total Responses: 11

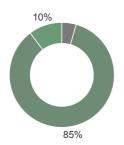
 Empumelelweni CHC
 11%

 Thembalethu CHC
 6%

 Siphosesimbi CHC
 0%

 Beatty Clinic
 0%





Comparison Results

National Average:51%Province Average:10%Best District Result:93%Worst District Result:1%

* Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Does the Adherence Club make HIV medicine pick up faster?

36%

District Score* 0%

Comparison Results

National Average:	89%
Province Average:	0%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	0%

* Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Facility Results

Beatty Clinic	0%
Empumelelweni CHC	0%
Siphosesimbi CHC	0%
Thembalethu CHC	0%

Information provided by the Adherence Club

Facility Results



	Cu ⁿ
Beatty Clinic	it Krie 2
Empumelelweni CHC	DON 4
Siphosesimbi CHC	3
Thembalethu CHC	2

What clinical services are offered at an adherence club meeting?

Facility Results

Total Responses: 11

Total Responses: 11



	Cul	
Beatty Clinic	it Knt 2	ı
Empumelelweni CHC	Don' 4	
Siphosesimbi CHC	3	ı
Thembalethu CHC	2	



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Access to Viral Load Testing / Information

Treatment and viral load literacy improves linkage rates and ART continuity as people living with HIV understand the importance of starting and remaining on treatment effectively. By becoming as informed as possible, PLHIV are empowered to take control of their own health and sex lives. However, sometimes PLHIV report that healthcare workers do not explain the results of viral load test results and at times PLHIV do not understand the benefits of having an undetectable viral load.

Have Patients had a Viral Load Test in the Past Year?





District Score*

96%

Comparison Results

National Average: 96% Province Average: Best District Result: 100% Worst District Result: 78%

* Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Patient Responses: 67

Patient Responses: 70

87%

Patient Responses: 70 Facility Results

Siphosesimbi CHC	100%
Beatty Clinic	100%
Empumelelweni CHC	95%
Thembalethu CHC	88%

Did a Health Worker Explain the Viral Load Test Result?





Comparison Results

District Score*

National Average: 80% 78% Province Average: Best District Result: 100% Worst District Result: 57%

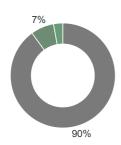
Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). HIGHER scores are better

Facility Results

Empumelelweni CHC	100%
Thembalethu CHC	100%
Siphosesimbi CHC	80%
Beatty Clinic	67%

Treatment Literacy: Do Patients Understand Viral Load and their Health?





District Score* 0.90

Comparison Results

National Average: 0.94 Province Average: 0.83 Best District Result: 1.00 Worst District Result: 0.65

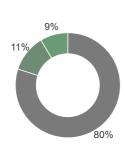
* Scores based on average point value of each response with a maximum score of 1 and a minimum score of 0. **HIGHER scores** are better.

Facility Results

Siphosesimbi CHC	0.93
Empumelelweni CHC	0.90
Beatty Clinic	0.89
Thembalethu CHC	0.88

Treatment Literacy: Do Patients Understand Viral Load and **Transmission?**





District Score* 0.80

Comparison Results

National Average:	0.65
Province Average:	0.62
Best District Result:	1.00
Worst District Result:	0.28

Scores based on average point value of each response with a maximum score of 1 and a minimum score of 0. HIGHER scores are better.

Facility Results

Sinhaaaaimhi CUC

0.67
0.82
0.78
0.75



Patient Responses: 69

Patient Responses: 26

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Index Testing

Index testing (aka Assisted Partner Notification Services or Contact Tracing) can help identify PLHIV earlier, get them access treatment to protect their health and interrupt onward transmission of HIV. However, if implemented poorly, index testing can cause harm to individuals, undermine their rights to consent, privacy, and confidentiality, it erodes trust in healthcare providers, and can put individuals at risk of violence. This is extremely important in the context of South Africa with a well-documented epidemic of gender-based violence.

HIV diagnosis increases the risk of intimate partner violence (IPV). Improperly conducted or pressured participation in index testing exacerbates these risks. In order to be conducted safely, index testing must always be voluntary and there must always be screening to assess the risk of IPV. Where violence or risk of violence is reported, those partners should never be contacted. Instead people should be offered IPV services on site or by referral. Adverse-event monitoring systems must be in place to ensure clients are supported if they do experience any harms.

Have Patients been Asked to Participate in Index Testing?





District	Score*	379	%
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Comparison Results

National Average:	69%
Province Average:	59%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	0%

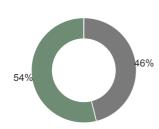
^{*} Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Empumelelweni CHC	55%
Thembalethu CHC	35%
Beatty Clinic	33%
Siphosesimbi CHC	20%

Did a Health Worker Tell You You can Refuse to Participate in Index Testing?





District	Score*	46%

Comparison Results

National Average:	92%
Province Average:	81%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	37%

Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). HIGHER scores are better.

Facility Results

Empumelelweni CHC	55%
Beatty Clinic	50%
Siphosesimbi CHC	33%
Thembalethu CHC	33%

Did the healthcare worker ask you about your risk of gender-based violence from your partner(s)?





District	Score*	199

Comparison Results

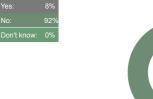
National Average:	89%
Province Average:	70%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	0%

^{*} Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Patient Responses: 26 Facility Results

Siphosesimbi CHC	33%
Beatty Clinic	33%
Empumelelweni CHC	18%
Thombalothu CHC	∩0/-

Did the healthcare worker provide you with information on available gender-based violence services?



	8%
92%	

Patient Responses: 26

District	Score*	8	%
		•	, ,

Comparison Results

National Average:	91%
Province Average:	67%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	8%

Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). HIGHER scores are better.

Facility Results

Beatty Clinic	17%
Empumelelweni CHC	9%
Siphosesimbi CHC	0%
Thembalethu CHC	0%



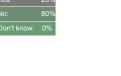
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TB Infection Control

Six simple interventions are at the heart of how clinics can be part of turning the tide on TB infection — a disease that still kills close to 60,000 people a year in South Africa, according to the World Health Organization (WHO). By following a checklist of good practice, clinics can be safer for patients and staff.

The six measures are: ensuring enough room and space for patients to wait without overcrowding; keeping windows open; ensuring there are TB information posters prominently displayed; reducing clinic waiting times to less than an average of an hour and 15 minutes; screening all arriving patients for TB symptoms; and separating patients who are coughing on arrival at the clinic. Previously there was a seventh item on the checklist. It was for people who are coughing to be given a mask to wear on arrival. However, since the onset of COVID-19, everyone has to by law be wearing a mask in a public place such as a clinic.

Enough room in the waiting area?





District Score* 20%

Total Observations:5

Total Observations:5

Patient Responses: 70

Patient Responses: 69

Comparison Results

57%
39%
100%
0%

^{*} Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Empumelelweni CHC	100%
Beatty Clinic	0%
Siphosesimbi CHC	0%
Thembalethu CHC	0%

Were the Facility Windows Open?



District	Score*	100%
	000.0	100/0

Comparison Results

National Average:	100%
Province Average:	90%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	79%

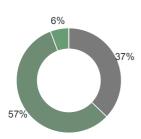
^{*} Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Beatty Clinic	100%
Empumelelweni CHC	100%
Siphosesimbi CHC	100%
Thembalethu CHC	100%

Are people being asked for TB symptoms?





District Score*	37%
Comparison Results	

•	
National Average:	31%
Province Average:	57%
Best District Result:	100%
Worst District Result:	12%

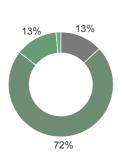
^{*} Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Beatty Clinic	56%
Thembalethu CHC	41%
Siphosesimbi CHC	40%
Empumelelweni CHC	15%

Are people who are coughing in a separate room?





District	Score*	13	3%

Comparison Results

26%
37%
100%
9%

* Percent of survey responses responding Yes (excluding "Don't Know"). **HIGHER scores are better**.

Facility Results

Empumelelweni CHC	20%
Siphosesimbi CHC	13%
Beatty Clinic	12%
Thembalethu CHC	6%